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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/966,227	09/27/2001 .	Jeffrey Scott Bardsley	RSW920010166US1	5924
7	7590 10/21/2005	,	EXAM	INER
Jack Friedman			HENNING, MATTHEW T	
SCHMEISER OLSEN and WATTS 3 Lear Jet Lane			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Suite 201			2131	
Lathan, NY	12110	·	DATE MAILED: 10/21/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Advisory Action	09/966,227	BARDSLEY ET AL.				
Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Matthew T. Henning	2131				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence add	ress			
THE REPLY FILED <u>20 June 2005</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS API						
<ol> <li>The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or o this application, applicant must timely file one of the follo places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in comp following time periods:</li> </ol>	n the same day as filing a Notice of wing replies: (1) an amendment, a otice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in liance with 37 CFR 1.114. The rep	f Appeal. To avoid at ffidavit, or other evid compliance with 37 (	ence, which CFR 41.31; or			
<ul> <li>a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing of the period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advert, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later the</li> </ul>	isory Action, or (2) the date set forth in th	e final rejection, whicheven	er is later. In no			
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b) MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f	. ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE F ).	RST REPLY WAS FILE				
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension a CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened stabove, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three month earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  NOTICE OF APPEAL	and the corresponding amount of the fee.  atutory period for reply originally set in the	The appropriate extension of (2)	on fee under 37 as set forth in (b)			
<ol> <li>The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in com of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any e Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must</li> </ol>	extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)	), to avoid dismissal :	of the appeal.			
AMENDMENTS	but prior to the data of filing a brig	f will not be entered	hooguso			
3.  The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, (a) They raise new issues that would require further co (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below) (c) They are not deemed to place the application in be appeal; and/or	onsideration and/or search (see NC ow); tter form for appeal by materially r	oTE below); educing or simplifying				
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: See Continuation Sheet. (See 37 CFR 1.7	116 and 41.33(a)).					
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324).						
<ul> <li>Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s</li> <li>Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a the non-allowable claim(s).</li> </ul>	allowable if submitted in a separate	e, timely filed amendn	nent canceling			
<ol> <li>For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro</li> </ol>	⊠ will not be entered, or b) □ vovided below or appended.	vill be entered and an	explanation of			
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: <i>None</i> . Claim(s) objected to: <i>None</i> . Claim(s) rejected: 1-18.						
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:  AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE						
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, because applicant failed to provide a showing of good are and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).</li> </ol>	ut before or on the date of filing a nd sufficient reasons why the affida	Notice of Appeal will wit or other evidence	not be entered is necessary			
The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome all rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).						
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER						
11.   The request for reconsideration has been considered b  See Continuation Sheet.			ance because:			
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s)  13. Other:		Coldwill	1			
	ANDREW O	ALDWELL				

Continuation of 3. NOTE: Claim 5 recites the limitation of monitoring, by the IDS...impede operation of the protected device..

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., monitoring, by the intrusion detection system, ...impede operation of the protected device) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See In re Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Furthermore, these new limitations, which have not been entered, were presented in the claims after final rejection and therefore would require further consideration. Therefore, the argument is not persuasive.

The examiner notes that the following arguments were presented in the communication filed 2/1/2005 and were considered and counter arguments were presented in the final rejection dated 4/28/2005. However, the applicant's have not responded to the counter arguments that were presented. Accordingly, the counter arguments have been presented again below.

In response to applicant's argument with regards to claims 1-2, 5, and 8-10, that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Fine, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988)and In re Jones, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, Freidman provides a system which squelches alert generation (See Freidman Col. 13), and Shanklin teaches an intrusion detection system that generates alerts and sends them to a system manager (See Shanklin Col. 3 Lines 13-16). Chari teaches that by sending and receiving all alerts, network traffic increases and available bandwidth decreases. Also, the volume of alerts received by the network administrator can overwhelm the administrator (See Chari Col. 2 Lines 55-65). Chari provides motivation to squelch the alerts of Shanklin and therefore the motivation to combine the alert squelcher of Freidman and the alerting system of Shanklin. Therefore, a prima facie case of obviousness was made because the ordinary person would have been motivated to "ensure that the system manager of [Shanklin] was not overwhelmed by alerts" and the ordinary person skilled in the art would have been motivated to ensure "that the network [of Shanklin] was not bottlenecked with alerts". Therefore, the examiner does not find the applicants' argument persuasive.

Regarding applicants' argument that the combination of Freivald and Shanklin did not disclose a log, the examiner does not find the argument persuasive. Freivald disclosed storing the last modified header (See Freivald Col. 7 Lines 39-41) and although this is not specifically called a log, it is in fact a log. Furthermore, Shanklin disclosed logging the alerts generated by the IDS (See Shanklin Col. 1 Lines 33-38). Therefore, the combination of Freivald and Shanklin did in fact disclose a log, and the examiner does not find the argument persuasive.

Accordingly, the rejections of claims 1-18 have been maintained...